2.—Locations, Dates Established, Areas and Characteristics of the National Parks of Canada and Dominion Reserves, 1943—concluded

Park	Location	Date Estab- lished	Area	Characteristics
Historic Parks-cone.			sq. miles	
Fort Chambly	Chambly Canton, Que.	1941	2·5 (acres)	French fort first constructed in 1665 on Richelieu River. Rebuilt of stone in 1711, it figured in several wars. Contains a museum housing many interesting exhibits. A military cemetery outside walls of fort is included in park area.
Fort Lennox	Ile-aux-Noix, Que. near St. Johns.	1941	210 (acres)	Military post constructed by British on site of early French fort, to command Richelieu River water route from south. The entire property is being utilized for war purposes by the Department of National Defence.
Fort Wellington	Prescott, Ont.	1941	8.5 (acres)	Contains well-preserved earthworks, block-house and other buildings constructed by British as base for defence of communications between Kingston and Montreal. The block-house contains a small museum.
Fort Malden	Amherstburg, Ont.	1941	3 (acres)	Situated on the banks of the Detroit River the site of one of the principal frontier military posts in Upper Canada. A new museum building contains in- teresting exhibits of the region.
Fort Prince of Wales.	Northern Mani- toba, near Churchill.	1941	50 (acres)	Massive stone fort built 1733-71, to secure control of Hudson Bay for Hudson's Bay Company and England. The fort was captured and partially destroyed by a French force in 1782.

## SUMMARY OF THE AREAS OF NATIONAL PARKS, BY PROVINCES

Province	Area	Province	Area
	sq. miles		sq. miles
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba.	390·60 0·09	Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Northwest Territories Total	1,869·00 20,937·20 <sup>1</sup> 1,715·00 3,625·00 <sup>1</sup> 29,704·10

<sup>1</sup> Including portion of Wood Buffalo Park.

Provincial Parks.—In addition to the national parks throughout Canada administered by the Dominion Government, most of the provinces maintain provincial parks for the protection of wild life and as recreational areas. Among the largest of these are the Algonquin Park (2,740 square miles) in Ontario, the Laurentides Park (3,565 square miles) in Quebec and Tweedsmuir Park (approximately 5,400 square miles) in British Columbia.

Game and Scenery.—The resources of Canada from the standpoints of the sportsman and tourist are both unique and varied. In the wooded and unsettled areas of each province there are many moose, deer, bear and smaller game, while in the western part of the Dominion there are also wapiti, caribou, mountain sheep, mountain goat, grizzly bear and lynx. Mountain lion, or cougar, are found in